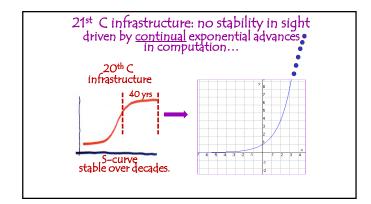
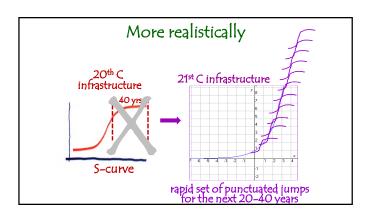


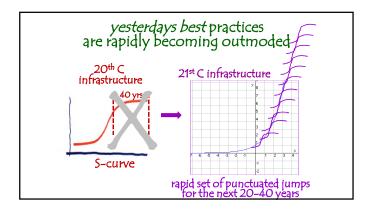
Our Past context

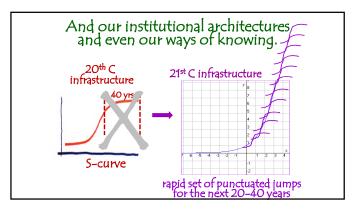












The Inevitable by Kevin Kelly "The cycle of obsolescence is accelerating (the average lifespan of a phone app is a mere 30 days!), you won't have time to master anything before it is displaced." And you call that progress???



Let's explore this thru three different lenses. Operational lens Epistemological lens Ontological lens

First, through an operational lens





This era is no longer just about deepening individual expertise within a silo.

Instead, it is also about participating in & shaping knowledge flows



balanced & embedded when all is in flux

critical skills for a white water world

- skillfully reading the currents and disturbances of the <u>context</u>.
- interpreting the flows for what they reveal of what lies beneath the surface,
- leveraging the currents, disturbances and flows for amplified action.

But reading context isn't always simple:



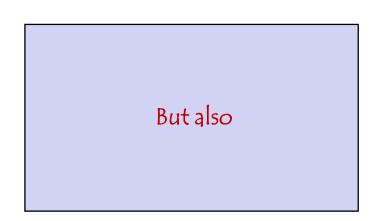
Data analytics can't do everything. <u>Knowing what questions to ask is key</u>.

 $(data \neq information \neq beliefs \neq values)$

Data analytics can't do everything. <u>Knowing what questions to ask is key</u>.

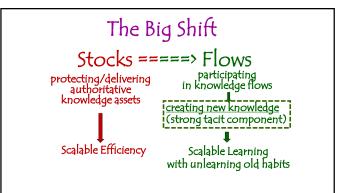
 $(data \neq information \neq beliefs \neq values)$

And for that <u>imagination is crucial</u> especially if we are to escape <u>the tyranny of the present</u>



Given the relentless pace of change & disruptions.

Incremental learning will no longer suffice!!





A Simple Start: "How often do you get out of your comfort zone?"



Increasingly important in a global world of constant change!





Also consider: Reverse Mentorship

And be an amazing source of insight but can also be humbling.



The Inevitable by Kevin Kelly

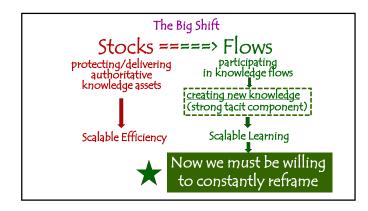
"The cycle of obsolescence is accelerating (the average lifespan of a phone app is a mere 30 days!), you won't have time to master anything before it is displaced, so you will remain in the newbie mode forever.

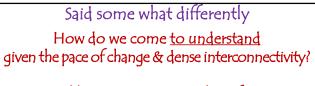
Endless Newbie is the new default for everyone, no matter your age or experience. That should keep us humble."

The Big Shift

Moving from looking at it operationally to looking at it <u>epistemologically.</u>

Knowing (the what) and understanding (the how and the why)





Incremental learning no matter, how fast we do it, will no longer suffice.

> We must be willing to regrind our conceptual lenses, often! Assimilation ----> Accommodation

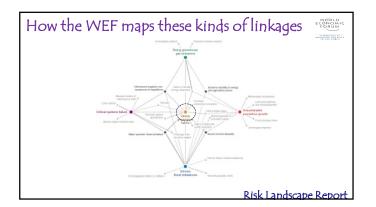
Living in exponential times in the global networked age that is densely interconnected many of our problems are wicked problems.

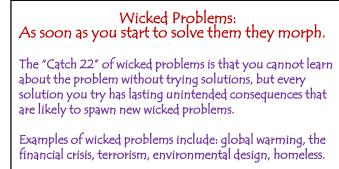
They are not just complicated; they are complex

"When we try to pick out anything by itself, we find it hitched to everything else in the universe.

There is no special sphere of the environment, no distinct lands of oil, no detached global economy, and no separate issue of public health."

Parag Khanna, The Second World





Rittel & Webber

We need new ways to move from mechanistic thinking to understanding contexts/problems that evolvesets of exchanges with complex feedback loops. Think dynamic attractors, network affordances and contextual propensities.

Think Clouds, not Clocks

Karl Popper, the great philosopher, said all problems are either clouds or clocks...

One of the problems we have as a culture is we take clouds and pretend they are clocks .

THROUGH THE LENS OF COMPLEXITY Think Clouds, not Clocks

"...To understand a clock you can take it apart, its individual pieces and you study the pieces and then you can understand how a clock works. A cloud – you can't take apart a cloud. A cloud is a dynamic system. A cloud you can only study as a whole. " Perhaps this white water world may require "a new sense – *a seventh sense*"

Joshu Cooper Ramo

"The seventh sense is the ability to look at any object and see (or imagine) the way in which it is changed by connection. Whether you are commanding an army, running a Fortune 500 company, planning a great work of art, or thinking about your child's education."

Joshu Cooper Ramo

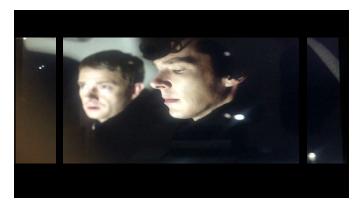
Crisis of Imagination

We need to "see" the ways that something/everything is changed by hyper-connectivity.

Or even just plain normal connectivity where connections are not obvious and making sense is elusive

Let's look at a master using his imagination to make sense





Abductive reasoning

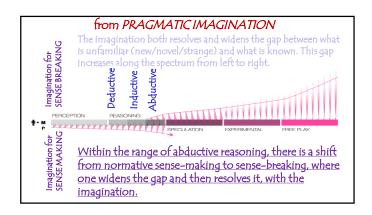
 imagining possible stories that suggest how something could have come about and then testing them..

A form of sense making when the facts don't add up or contradict each other.

As the power or capacity of humans to form internal images of objects and situations (visual, auditory or motor images), <u>THE IMAGINATION</u>:

- closes the gap between what is novel and what is known.
- finds connections between things that are not obvious.
- plays with boundaries. It lets partial thoughts jump fences.
- engages in sense-breaking in order to make sense in a new way – to see new possibilities.
- and in seeing new possibilities, it helps us escape the tyranny of the present.

Pragmatic Imagination, apj +jsb



reframing ain't easy

One approach is to use imagination to break the normal frame by expanding the gap... and then use imagination as in abduction to close the gap. ie. breaking frame & then reframing

Coming from Xerox I can tell you that getting the C-suite to do this is nearly impossible <u>but</u> is now more needed than ever in most C-suites I know.

Increasingly Important Imagination cannot just be an add on. It is not just relevant within the domains of the 'arts.' It is crucial in sense-making & and even more so in sense-breaking/sense-making

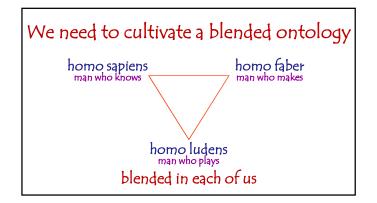
The Big Shift

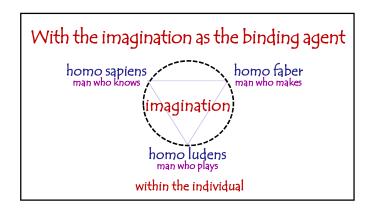
Moving from looking at it epistemologically to looking at it <u>ontologically.</u>

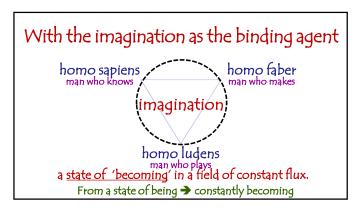
To construct these deeper understandings, *today*, we need to develop a new way of being – a new ontology.

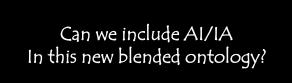


The unique power of the human imagination comes in part from its ability to <u>integrate opposing qualities</u>, like emotion and reason, curiosity and certainty.



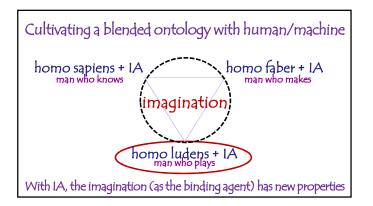


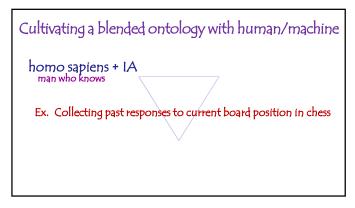


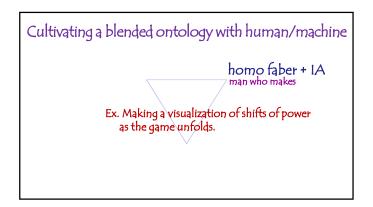


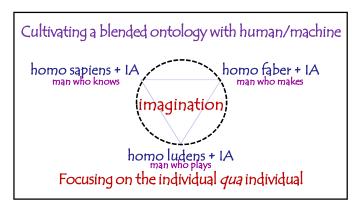


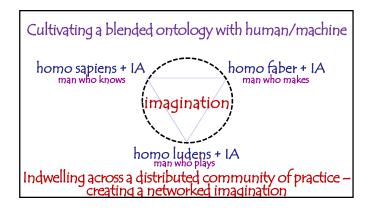
Zack Stephen and Steven Cramton

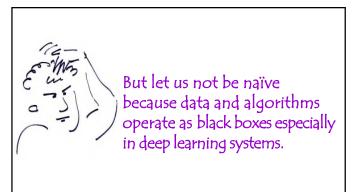


















There is a blind spot in AI research

"A social-systems analysis is needed that draws on philosophy, law, sociology, anthropology and science-andtechnology studies" – especially wrt the curation of the data used to train these deep learning systems.

"Only by asking broader questions about the impacts of AI can we generate a more holistic and integrated understanding..."

Kate Crawford & Ryan Calo

Our challenge today is one of sense making in a world that won't stay stable for our standard sense-making strategies to be effective.

Most of our pressing problems are wicked, our tools are increasingly opaque, our models and frames are outdated

We need to escape the tyranny of the present and meet head on the crisis of imagination.

